

### Dr.SNS RAJALAKSHMI COLLEGE OF ARTS AND SCIENCE, (AUTONOMOUS)



COIMBATORE-641049

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DEPARTMENT OF COMPUTER APPLICATIONS

## Course Code / Course Name: 23UCU403 /Computer System Architecture

YEAR: 2023-2024

CLASS: I BCA "A"

STAFF NAME: Dr.A.DEVI

UNIT I – Data Representation

# **Gray Code**





The Gray Code is a sequence of binary number syste ms, which is also known as Reflected Binary Cod

XOR Table

Α	в	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

Binary Code – Gray Code



The gray code of the binary number 0111 is 0100

Gray Code – Binary Code



The binary code of the gray number 0100 is 0111



**BCD Code** 



Binary Coded Decimal, or BCD, is another process for converting decimal numbers into their binary equivalents. .

Decimal	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
BCD	0000	0001	0010	0011	0100	0101	0110	0111	1000	1001

#### Example 1:

Convert (123)<sub>10</sub> in BCD

1 -> 0001 2 -> 0010 3 -> 0011

BCD of 123 -> 0001 0010 0011

#### Example 2:

Convert (324)<sub>10</sub> in BCD <u>3</u> <u>2</u> <u>4</u> 0011 0010 0100

BCD of 324 -> 0011 0010 0100



## **Excess-3 code**



The Excess-3 code (or XS3) is a non-weighted code used to express decimal numbers.

Steps:

- Find the decimal equivalent of the given binary number ( if binary number given).
- Add +3 to each digit of decimal number.
- Convert the newly obtained decimal number back to binary number to get required excess-3 equivalent.

Example 1	: 87	H				
8	7		1	5	9	
+ 3	+ 3		+ 3	+ 3	+ 3	
11	10	Excess code of <b>87</b> = 1011 1010	4	8	12	Excess code of 15.9 is 1001000.1100
			$\checkmark$			
$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		0100	1000	1100	
1011	1010					



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11	10	Excess code of 87 = 1011 1010	4	8	12	Excess code of 15.9 is 1001000.1100
			$\checkmark$		$\downarrow$	
$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$		0100	1000	1100	
1011	1010					







Extended binary coded decimal interchange code (EBCDIC) is an 8-bit binary

code for numeric and alphanumeric characters.





ASCII



ASCII, abbreviation of American Standard Code For Information Interchange, a standard data-transmission code that is used by smaller and lesspowerful computers to represent both textual data and non-input-device commands.

Alphabets	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	a	b	с	d	e	f
ASCII	65	66	67	68	69	70	97	98	99	100	101	101





# Thank YOU